**PRACTICE UNIT 11**

**VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR**

PRACTICE: Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best completes the sentence.

1. Francis Bacon lived………………about the same time as Shakespeare.

A. at B. for C. in D. over

1. People enjoy a book……………… different ways.

A. on B. with C. upon D. in

1. This book is not really …………... It is a waste of money buying it.

A. inform B. information C. informative D. informatively

1. Sometimes it is……………… to find suitable books for our children.

A. difficult B. difficulty C. difficultly D. difficulties

1. ………….. books are ones in which the story is told or illustrated with pictures.

A. Comic B. Thriller C. Romantic D. Science

1. Boy, stop reading. ……………. the book down and go to bed.

A. Take B. Put C. Set D. Pick

1. It is a good book. I think it is interesting enough for you to …………...

A. put down B. swallow C. look up D. understand

1. A ……………. is a report in a newspaper or magazine in which a writer gives his opinion of a book, a film, or a play.

A. page B. subject C. review D. journey

1. If you ………. a book, youhave a brief look at it without reading or studying it seriously.

A. dip into B. put away C. pick up D. put down

1. Who does the book belong ………?

A. for B. to C. on D. through

1. He picked ………the book and turned page after page.

A. up B. on C. away D. in

1. Read the book ………and you can find the information you need.

A. care B. careful C. carefulness D. carefully

1. A ………is a story long enough to fill a complete book, in which the characters and events are usually imaginary.

A. pleasure B. novel C. page D. review

1. A ………is the story of a person's life written by somebody else.

A. romance B. fiction C. biography D. science

1. I have nearly finished reading the book. There are only a few ……… left.

A. pieces B. pages C. slices D. sheets

1. A ……… is a book, film, or play that tells an exciting fictional story about something such as criminal activities or spying.

A. non-fiction B. science C. thriller D. romance

1. Books are still a cheap........ to get knowledge and entertainment.

A. means B. way C. method D. measure

1. He only had time to………….into the report. He couldn’t read it thoroughly.

A. see B. dip C. break D. read

1. His lecture was interesting but too much to………….all at once.

A. digest B. process C. manufacture D. convert

1. I find it……………to work in this room. It's too small and airless.

A. comfortable B. comfortably C. uncomfortable D. comfort

1. Books in the home are a wonderful....... of knowledge and pleasure.

A. source      B. resource         C. list             D. sum

1. Reviewers describe books ....... "hard-to-put-down", or "hard-to-pick-up-again".

A. as         B. for              C. into           D. in

1. A book may be evaluated by a reader or professional writer to create a book …………...

A. review                   B. reviewing            C. reviewer            D. reviewed

1. It is important ………….. students to read as many books as possible.

A. up                B. about           C. to            D. for

1. Not many people find reading more ………….. than watching TV.

A. interest                 B. interested          C. interesting       D. interestingly

1. To become a novelist, you need to be …………...

A. imagine                 B. imagination          C. imaginative         D. imaginarily

1. When a reader reads an interesting book slowly and carefully, he…………..it

A. reviews                   B. chews and digests C. swallows         D. dips into

1. Many teenagers are not much ……. in reading books, except for what they are made to read at school

A. excited                    B. important             C. slow                  D. interested

1. This book ………….. to Peter. It is not mine.

A. possesses                B. owns                    C. has          D. belong

1. We spend more time watching TV than reading books. But ….. fact. TV has not killed reading.

A. for                    B. upon           C. at           D. in

1. After leaving school, many of us only read for …………..

A. please                 B. pleasant          C. pleasure          D. pleasing

1. Please give me some advice to buy suitable books for my ten-year-old girl.

A. recommendation B. information         C. fiction            D. interest

1. The reviewer ………….. Mathew's new novel as a new style of modern science fiction.

A. chewed                   B. digested            C. described         D. drew

1. Can you ………….. what it would be like to live without books?

A. imagine B. advise              C. describe        D. understand

1. Those letters ………….. now. Youcan do the typing later.

A. need typing B. needn't be typed C. need totype D. needn't typing

1. The museum is open toeverybody. It ………….. between 9am and 5pm.

A. visits B. visited C. can visit D. can be visited

1. The room ………….. once a day.

A. should clean B. should be cleaning C. should be cleaned D. should have cleaned

1. Two tablets ………….. twice a day to have you recover from the illness quickly.

A. must take B. must be taken C. must have taken D. must be taking

1. There is plenty of money in our account *so* those cheques ………….. to the bank today.

A. needn't be taken B. needn't be taking C. needn't take D. needn't taking

1. Tomatoes …………..before they are completely ripe.

A. can be picked B. can pick C. needn't pick D. should be picking

1. This letter ………….., not handwritten.

A. should be typing B. should be typed C. needn't type D. needn't be typed

1. The picnic ………….. because Peter has just had a traffic accident.

A. will cancel B. will be cancelling C. will be cancelled D. will have cancelled

1. The machine ………….. on by pressing this switch.

A. can turn B. can be turned C. must turn D. should be turning

1. All traffic laws …………...

A. is observed B. must be observed C. must have observed D. had better observe

1. Fruits …………..in a freezer.

A. should not put B. should not be put C. must put D. must be putting

1. The package ………….. carefully before it …………..

A. must be wrapped / is posted B. needs wrapping / will be posted

C. should wrap / is going to be posted D. will be wrapping / needs posting

1. The garden …………... It has just started raining.

A. needn't water B. needn't be watered C. needn't be watering D. needn't have watered

1. The train ………….. by bad weather. I am not sure.

A. might delay B. might be delaying

C. might have delayed D. might have been delayed

1. The next meeting ………….. in May.

A. will hold B. will be held C. will be holding D. will have held

1. Before eating, ………….. thoroughly with soap and clean water.

A. you should wash your hands            B. your hands should be washing

C. you need washing your hands             D. Your hands need washed

1. The car ………….. by Karen. The keys are still on the table.

A. must have taken        B. must have been taken

C. can't have been taken            D. can't have taken

**II. READING**

PRACTICE 1: **Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.**

There are books with fairy tales in many countries. Often the same stories are known and repeated in many languages. Some of the things that happens in these stories are remarkable, although not as remarkable as things that are truly happening in medicine and science today.

Most fairy tales begin with “Once upon a time” and end with “They lived happily ever after”, so we will begin in the same way.

Once upon a time there was a girl calls Cinderella who did all the work in the kitchen while her lazy sister did nothing.

One night, her sister went to a **ball** at the palace. Cinderella was left home, very sad. After a time her fairy godmother appeared and told Cinderella that she could go to the ball- but to return home by midnight.

So, she went to the ball in a beautiful dress in a wonderful coach. She danced with the prince but at midnight she ran back home, leaving one of her shoes on the floor. The prince wanted to see her again and went to every house in the capital until he found that the shoe was the right size for Cinderella. She and the price were married and lived happily ever after.

1. Books with fairy are found in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. our country only B. few countries

C. all countries except ours D. many countries

1. According to the passage, things truly happening in medicine and science today are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things that happens in some fairy tales,

A. More remarkable than B. less remarkable than

C. as remarkable as D. not as remarkable as

1. The word “ball” in the first sentence of paragraph 4 means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a sport equipment B. a dancing hall C. a balloon D. sphere

1. Cinderella was very sad because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. her sister did nothing C. her sister went to a ball and left her at home

C. she did all the work in the kitchen D. her sister was invited to a hall

1. At the end of the story \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Cinderella could go to the ball and it was so happened that she and the prince was married

B. Cinderella’s godmother came to comfort her

C. one of Cinderella’ sisters was married to the prince

D. the prince invited Cinderella to the hall.

### **More Exercise: Add so, but, therefore, however where appropriate.**

1. The wind was howling outside, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it was warm and comfortable indoor.
2. The highway was under construction, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we had to take a different route to work.
3. You could fly via Singapore; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, this isn’t the only way.
4. There is still much to discuss. We shall, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, return to this item at our next meeting.
5. Jackson was going to study all night, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he declined our invitation to dinner.
6. We thought the figures were correct. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we have now discovered some errors.
7. Cars have become more complicated. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, mechanics need more training than in the past.
8. We arrived at the theater late. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the play had not yet begun. We were quite surprised.
9. He failed the exam, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he had to do the job he didn’t like.
10. They hoped to climb the mountain by August. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, bad weather could be a hindrance.
11. This is the shortest way to the city center; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it is not the only way
12. The boy was able to learn English, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he is very lazy.
13. He didn’t attend the lesson, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he could not do his homework.
14. Your son is heading to the right direction; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I think you should encourage him to learn harder.
15. It is very late now, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she is still at her office.
16. It was midnight, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they closed the restaurant and went home.
17. They visited many stores; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they could not find what they were looking for.
18. We discussed the issue all day, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we could not come to a final conclusion.
19. It started to rain hard; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we decided to stay at home to watch TV.
20. The sun was warm, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a cool breeze blew in from the sea.
21. I have read this book before; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I do not remember the plot.
22. We opened the window, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fresh air would blow into the room.
23. I wanted to study. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I was too tired.
24. We live in the same building, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we have hardly seen each other.
25. Anna needed some money, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she took a part-time job.
26. My fingers were injured, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my sister had to write the note for me.
27. Maria tried to read a novel in French, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the book was too difficult for her to understand.
28. I want to go to the Lan’s birthday party, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I am very busy.
29. She is very thirsty**,** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she doesn’t want to drink anything.
30. Bin wants to lose weight**;** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**,** he refuses to eat anything made of carbs.